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## Structure Reports

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## N-(2,6-Dichlorophenyl)-4-methylbenzamide

Vinola Z. Rodrigues,<sup>a</sup> Sabine Foro<sup>b</sup> and B. Thimme Gowda<sup>a\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Department of Chemistry, Mangalore University, Mangalagangothri 574199, Mangalore, India, and <sup>b</sup>Institute of Materials Science, Darmstadt University of Technology, Petersenstrasse 23, D-64287, Darmstadt, Germany  
Correspondence e-mail: gowdabt@yahoo.com

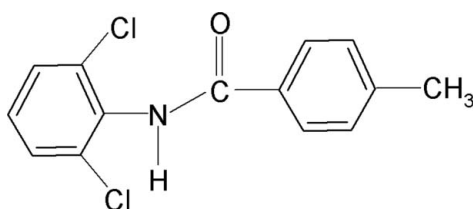
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 293$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.042;  $wR$  factor = 0.120; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.6.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{11}\text{Cl}_2\text{NO}$ , the two aromatic rings are nearly orthogonal to each other [dihedral angle  $79.7$  ( $1$ ) $^\circ$ ], while the central amide core  $-\text{NH}-\text{C}(=\text{O})-$  is nearly coplanar with the benzoyl ring [N—C—C torsion angles =  $-5.5$  (3) and  $177.2$  (2) $^\circ$ ]. In the crystal, intermolecular N—H $\cdots$ O hydrogen bonds link the molecules into  $C(4)$  chains propagating in [001].

## Related literature

For our studies on the effects of substituents on the structures of  $N$ -(aryl)-amides, see: Bhat & Gowda (2000); Gowda *et al.* (2006, 2009), on  $N$ -(aryl)-methanesulfonamides, see: Jayalakshmi & Gowda (2004) and on  $N$ -(aryl)-arylsulfonamides, see: Gowda *et al.* (2005).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{11}\text{Cl}_2\text{NO}$   
 $M_r = 280.14$

Tetragonal,  $I4_1/a$   
 $a = 16.4706$  (8) Å

$c = 19.8709$  (9) Å  
 $V = 5390.6$  (4) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 16$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

$\mu = 0.47$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 293$  K  
 $0.48 \times 0.34 \times 0.14$  mm

## Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer with Sapphire CCD detector  
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford)

Diffraction, 2009)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.807$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.937$   
5852 measured reflections  
2752 independent reflections  
1701 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.120$   
 $S = 1.01$   
2752 reflections  
166 parameters  
1 restraint

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.23$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.21$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1N}\cdots\text{O1}^i$	0.82 (2)	2.08 (2)	2.878 (2)	164 (2)

Symmetry code: (i)  $-y + \frac{3}{4}, x + \frac{1}{4}, z + \frac{1}{4}$ .

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); cell refinement: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); data reduction: *CrysAlis RED*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

VZR thanks the University Grants Commission, Government of India, New Delhi, for award of an RFSMS research fellowship.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT6816).

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**supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2011). E67, o2123 [ doi:10.1107/S1600536811028935 ]

## *N*-(2,6-Dichlorophenyl)-4-methylbenzamide

V. Z. Rodrigues, S. Foro and B. T. Gowda

### Comment

The amide moiety is an important constituent of many biologically significant compounds. As part of our studies on the effects of ring and side chain substitutions on the structures of *N*-(aryl)-amides (Bhat & Gowda, 2000; Gowda *et al.*, 2006, 2009), *N*-(aryl)-methanesulfonamides (Jayalakshmi & Gowda, 2004) and *N*-(aryl)-arylsulfonamides (Gowda *et al.*, 2005), the crystal structure of *N*-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-4-methylbenzamide (I) has been determined (Fig. 1). The conformations of the N—H and C=O bonds in the amide segment of the structure are *anti* to each other, similar to that observed in *N*-(2,6-dimethylphenyl)-4-methylbenzamide (II) (Gowda *et al.*, 2009) and other benzanilides, with similar bond parameters.

The two aromatic rings in the structure make the dihedral angle of 79.7 (1)°, compared to the value of 78.8 (1)° in (II). The central amide core —NH—C(=O)— is nearly coplanar with the benzoyl ring. The orientation of the anilino ring with respect to the amide core are given by the torsion angles, C2—C1—N1—C7 = 105.8 (3)° and C6—C1—N1—C7 = -74.5 (3)°.

Part of the crystal structure of (I), showing the formation of hydrogen-bonded layered chains (Table 1) running along *b* axis is shown in Fig.2.

### Experimental

The title compound was prepared by the method described by Gowda *et al.* (2009). The purity of the compound was checked and characterized by recording its infrared and NMR spectra.

Needle-like colourless single crystals of the title compound were obtained by slow evaporation from an ethanol solution of the compound (0.5 g in about 30 ml of ethanol) at room temperature.

### Refinement

The H atom of the NH group was located in a difference map and later restrained to N—H = 0.86 (2) %Å. The other H atoms were positioned with idealized geometry using a riding with the aromatic C—H = 0.93 Å and the methyl C—H = 0.96 Å. All H atoms were refined with isotropic displacement parameters set to 1.2 times of the  $U_{eq}$  of the parent atom.

### Figures

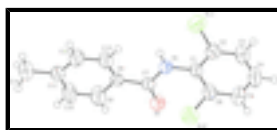


Fig. 1. Molecular structure of (I) showing the atom labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level and H atoms are represented as small spheres of arbitrary radii.

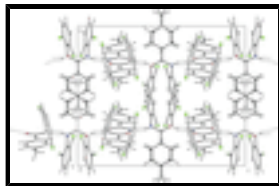


Fig. 2. Molecular packing of the title compound with hydrogen bonding shown as dashed lines.

## *N*-(2,6-Dichlorophenyl)-4-methylbenzamide

### Crystal data

$C_{14}H_{11}Cl_2NO$

$M_r = 280.14$

Tetragonal,  $I4_1/a$

Hall symbol:  $-I\ 4ad$

$a = 16.4706$  (8) Å

$c = 19.8709$  (9) Å

$V = 5390.6$  (4) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 16$

$F(000) = 2304$

$D_x = 1.381$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 1773 reflections

$\theta = 2.8$ – $27.9^\circ$

$\mu = 0.47$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 293$  K

Prism, colourless

$0.48 \times 0.34 \times 0.14$  mm

### Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer with Sapphire CCD detector

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite

Rotation method data acquisition using  $\omega$  scans.

Absorption correction: multi-scan (*Crys.Alis RED*; Oxford Diffraction, 2009)

$T_{\min} = 0.807$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.937$

5852 measured reflections

2752 independent reflections

1701 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$

$\theta_{\max} = 26.4^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 3.0^\circ$

$h = -12 \rightarrow 17$

$k = -17 \rightarrow 20$

$l = -10 \rightarrow 24$

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$

$wR(F^2) = 0.120$

$S = 1.01$

2752 reflections

166 parameters

1 restraint

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0618P)^2 + 1.1095P]$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.23$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.21$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.14058 (13)	0.52556 (15)	0.06376 (10)	0.0437 (5)
C2	0.07328 (15)	0.48135 (16)	0.08354 (12)	0.0542 (6)
C3	-0.00303 (16)	0.51539 (19)	0.08617 (14)	0.0686 (8)
H3	-0.0474	0.4849	0.1002	0.082*
C4	-0.01236 (17)	0.5952 (2)	0.06771 (14)	0.0707 (8)
H4	-0.0638	0.6186	0.0686	0.085*
C5	0.05259 (16)	0.64076 (17)	0.04806 (14)	0.0630 (7)
H5	0.0455	0.6947	0.0356	0.076*
C6	0.12874 (14)	0.60634 (16)	0.04678 (11)	0.0505 (6)
C7	0.25465 (13)	0.47064 (13)	0.00212 (10)	0.0397 (5)
C8	0.33829 (13)	0.43726 (13)	0.00489 (9)	0.0388 (5)
C9	0.37543 (16)	0.4135 (2)	-0.05361 (12)	0.0726 (9)
H9	0.3472	0.4172	-0.0940	0.087*
C10	0.45324 (17)	0.3845 (2)	-0.05353 (13)	0.0792 (9)
H10	0.4766	0.3692	-0.0942	0.095*
C11	0.49760 (14)	0.37724 (14)	0.00367 (12)	0.0497 (6)
C12	0.46104 (15)	0.40214 (18)	0.06207 (12)	0.0655 (8)
H12	0.4899	0.3992	0.1022	0.079*
C13	0.38295 (15)	0.43136 (17)	0.06293 (11)	0.0600 (7)
H13	0.3600	0.4474	0.1036	0.072*
C14	0.58324 (16)	0.34561 (19)	0.00401 (16)	0.0713 (8)
H14A	0.6167	0.3796	-0.0238	0.086*
H14B	0.5839	0.2912	-0.0132	0.086*
H14C	0.6038	0.3459	0.0492	0.086*
N1	0.21884 (11)	0.49001 (12)	0.06109 (8)	0.0462 (5)
H1N	0.2409 (14)	0.4795 (15)	0.0972 (9)	0.055*
O1	0.21852 (10)	0.48106 (11)	-0.05131 (7)	0.0548 (5)
Cl1	0.08438 (5)	0.37957 (5)	0.10321 (4)	0.0777 (3)
Cl2	0.21062 (4)	0.66582 (4)	0.02405 (4)	0.0717 (3)

## supplementary materials

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### Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C1	0.0379 (13)	0.0624 (16)	0.0309 (11)	0.0084 (11)	-0.0007 (9)	-0.0048 (10)
C2	0.0483 (15)	0.0640 (16)	0.0502 (14)	0.0043 (12)	-0.0027 (11)	0.0034 (11)
C3	0.0425 (15)	0.082 (2)	0.0817 (19)	0.0023 (14)	0.0067 (13)	0.0058 (15)
C4	0.0432 (16)	0.086 (2)	0.083 (2)	0.0163 (15)	0.0036 (14)	-0.0081 (16)
C5	0.0530 (16)	0.0590 (17)	0.0770 (18)	0.0150 (13)	-0.0009 (13)	-0.0057 (14)
C6	0.0438 (14)	0.0612 (16)	0.0465 (13)	0.0046 (11)	0.0013 (10)	-0.0056 (11)
C7	0.0430 (12)	0.0448 (13)	0.0315 (11)	0.0010 (10)	-0.0003 (9)	-0.0002 (9)
C8	0.0400 (12)	0.0426 (12)	0.0337 (11)	-0.0009 (10)	0.0014 (9)	-0.0010 (9)
C9	0.0600 (18)	0.120 (3)	0.0375 (13)	0.0260 (16)	-0.0047 (12)	-0.0161 (14)
C10	0.0616 (19)	0.127 (3)	0.0485 (15)	0.0296 (18)	0.0082 (14)	-0.0186 (16)
C11	0.0414 (13)	0.0509 (14)	0.0566 (14)	0.0011 (11)	0.0053 (11)	-0.0013 (11)
C12	0.0492 (16)	0.101 (2)	0.0461 (14)	0.0154 (14)	-0.0064 (12)	0.0001 (14)
C13	0.0492 (15)	0.095 (2)	0.0355 (13)	0.0157 (14)	0.0000 (11)	-0.0048 (12)
C14	0.0482 (16)	0.081 (2)	0.0845 (19)	0.0108 (14)	0.0077 (14)	-0.0042 (16)
N1	0.0414 (11)	0.0676 (14)	0.0297 (10)	0.0122 (9)	-0.0026 (8)	-0.0012 (9)
O1	0.0541 (10)	0.0812 (12)	0.0291 (8)	0.0129 (8)	-0.0065 (7)	-0.0015 (7)
Cl1	0.0697 (5)	0.0710 (5)	0.0924 (5)	0.0008 (4)	-0.0054 (4)	0.0200 (4)
Cl2	0.0594 (5)	0.0703 (5)	0.0853 (5)	-0.0040 (3)	0.0068 (3)	0.0012 (4)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

C1—C2	1.383 (3)	C8—C9	1.371 (3)
C1—C6	1.386 (3)	C8—C13	1.371 (3)
C1—N1	1.417 (3)	C9—C10	1.368 (4)
C2—C3	1.377 (3)	C9—H9	0.9300
C2—C11	1.731 (3)	C10—C11	1.357 (3)
C3—C4	1.374 (4)	C10—H10	0.9300
C3—H3	0.9300	C11—C12	1.370 (3)
C4—C5	1.364 (4)	C11—C14	1.504 (3)
C4—H4	0.9300	C12—C13	1.373 (3)
C5—C6	1.377 (3)	C12—H12	0.9300
C5—H5	0.9300	C13—H13	0.9300
C6—C12	1.727 (2)	C14—H14A	0.9600
C7—O1	1.229 (2)	C14—H14B	0.9600
C7—N1	1.350 (3)	C14—H14C	0.9600
C7—C8	1.484 (3)	N1—H1N	0.823 (16)
C2—C1—C6	117.5 (2)	C10—C9—C8	121.1 (2)
C2—C1—N1	121.5 (2)	C10—C9—H9	119.4
C6—C1—N1	121.0 (2)	C8—C9—H9	119.4
C3—C2—C1	121.9 (3)	C11—C10—C9	122.4 (2)
C3—C2—C11	118.8 (2)	C11—C10—H10	118.8
C1—C2—C11	119.30 (19)	C9—C10—H10	118.8
C4—C3—C2	118.8 (3)	C10—C11—C12	116.5 (2)
C4—C3—H3	120.6	C10—C11—C14	122.7 (2)

C2—C3—H3	120.6	C12—C11—C14	120.8 (2)
C5—C4—C3	121.0 (3)	C11—C12—C13	121.8 (2)
C5—C4—H4	119.5	C11—C12—H12	119.1
C3—C4—H4	119.5	C13—C12—H12	119.1
C4—C5—C6	119.6 (3)	C8—C13—C12	121.1 (2)
C4—C5—H5	120.2	C8—C13—H13	119.4
C6—C5—H5	120.2	C12—C13—H13	119.4
C5—C6—C1	121.3 (2)	C11—C14—H14A	109.5
C5—C6—C12	118.9 (2)	C11—C14—H14B	109.5
C1—C6—C12	119.88 (17)	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
O1—C7—N1	120.3 (2)	C11—C14—H14C	109.5
O1—C7—C8	122.21 (18)	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
N1—C7—C8	117.44 (17)	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
C9—C8—C13	117.0 (2)	C7—N1—C1	121.85 (17)
C9—C8—C7	119.24 (19)	C7—N1—H1N	120.9 (17)
C13—C8—C7	123.73 (19)	C1—N1—H1N	117.2 (17)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.3 (4)	O1—C7—C8—C13	174.2 (2)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-179.9 (2)	N1—C7—C8—C13	-5.5 (3)
C6—C1—C2—C11	178.38 (16)	C13—C8—C9—C10	0.7 (4)
N1—C1—C2—C11	-1.8 (3)	C7—C8—C9—C10	178.2 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.9 (4)	C8—C9—C10—C11	0.3 (5)
C11—C2—C3—C4	-177.2 (2)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-1.3 (5)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.0 (4)	C9—C10—C11—C14	-179.8 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.1 (4)	C10—C11—C12—C13	1.3 (4)
C4—C5—C6—C1	1.4 (4)	C14—C11—C12—C13	179.9 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C12	-178.2 (2)	C9—C8—C13—C12	-0.6 (4)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-1.5 (3)	C7—C8—C13—C12	-178.0 (2)
N1—C1—C6—C5	178.7 (2)	C11—C12—C13—C8	-0.4 (4)
C2—C1—C6—C12	178.09 (17)	O1—C7—N1—C1	-2.5 (3)
N1—C1—C6—C12	-1.7 (3)	C8—C7—N1—C1	177.2 (2)
O1—C7—C8—C9	-3.2 (4)	C2—C1—N1—C7	105.8 (3)
N1—C7—C8—C9	177.2 (2)	C6—C1—N1—C7	-74.5 (3)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry* (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
N1—H1N $\cdots$ O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.82 (2)	2.08 (2)	2.878 (2)	164 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-y+3/4, x+1/4, z+1/4$ .

Fig. 1

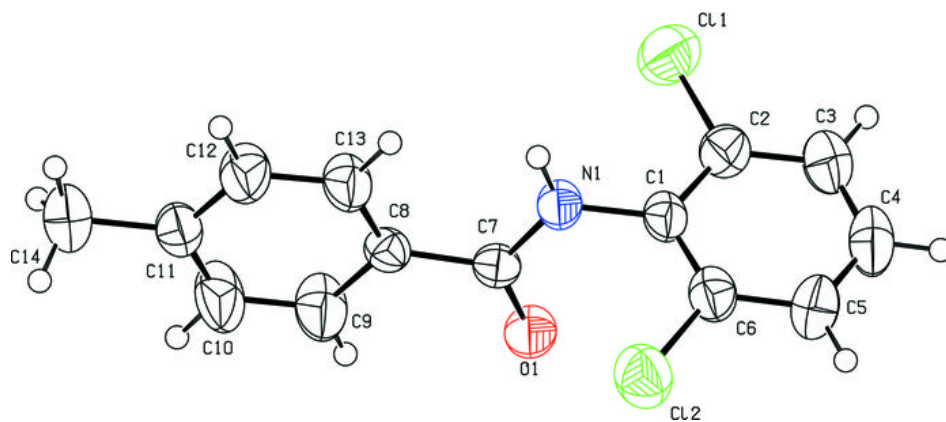




Fig. 2

